

114TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. _____

To amend title 10, United States Code, to ensure that women members of the Armed Forces and their families have access to the contraception they need in order to promote the health and readiness of all members of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself, Mr. REID, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. BROWN, Mr. BENNET, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. MARKEY, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. COONS, Mr. SANDERS, Ms. STABENOW, Mrs. BOXER, Ms. WARREN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. TESTER, Mr. CARDIN, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. FRANKEN, and Mr. SCHATZ) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend title 10, United States Code, to ensure that women members of the Armed Forces and their families have access to the contraception they need in order to promote the health and readiness of all members of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Access to Contracep-
3 tion for Women Servicemembers and Dependents Act of
4 2015”.

5 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

6 Congress makes the following findings:

7 (1) Women are serving in the Armed Forces at
8 increasing rates, playing a critical role in the na-
9 tional security of the United States. More than
10 350,000 women serve on active duty in the Armed
11 Forces or in the Selected Reserve.

12 (2) Nearly 10,000,000 members of the Armed
13 Forces (including members of the National Guard
14 and Reserves), military retirees, their families, their
15 survivors, and certain former spouses, including
16 nearly 5,000,000 female beneficiaries, are eligible for
17 health care through the Department of Defense.

18 (3) Contraception is critical for women’s health
19 and is highly effective at reducing unintended preg-
20 nancy. The Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
21 tion describe contraception as one of the 10 greatest
22 public health achievements of the twentieth century.

23 (4) Contraception has played a direct role in
24 the greater participation of women in education and
25 employment. Increased wages and increased control
26 over reproductive decisions provide women with edu-

1 cational and professional opportunities that have in-
2 creased gender equality over the decades since con-
3 traception was introduced.

4 (5) Studies have shown that when cost barriers
5 to the full range of methods of contraception are
6 eliminated, and women receive comprehensive coun-
7 seling on the various methods of contraception (in-
8 cluding highly-effective Long-Acting Reversible Con-
9 traceptives (LARCs)), rates of unintended preg-
10 nancy decline dramatically.

11 (6) Research has also shown that investments
12 in effective contraception save public and private
13 dollars.

14 (7) The 2011 recommendations of the Institute
15 of Medicine on women's preventive health services
16 include recommendations that health insurance plans
17 cover all methods of contraception approved by the
18 Food and Drug Administration, sterilization proce-
19 dures, and patient education and counseling for all
20 women with reproductive capacity without any cost-
21 sharing requirements.

22 (8) The recommendations described in para-
23 graph (7) are reflected in provisions of the Patient
24 Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law
25 111–148), and thus group and individual health in-

1 insurance plans must provide such coverage. The rec-
2 ommendations have also been adopted by the Office
3 of Personnel Management, and thus all health insur-
4 ance plans that are part of the Federal Employees
5 Health Benefits Program must provide such cov-
6 erage

7 (9) Under the TRICARE program, service-
8 women on active duty have full coverage of all pre-
9 scription drugs, including contraception, without
10 cost-sharing requirements. However, servicewomen
11 not on active duty, and female dependents of mem-
12 bers of the Armed Forces, who receive health care
13 through the TRICARE program do not have similar
14 coverage of all prescription methods of contraception
15 approved by the Food and Drug Administration
16 without cost-sharing.

17 (10) Studies indicate that servicewomen need
18 comprehensive counseling for pregnancy prevention,
19 particularly in their predeployment preparations,
20 and the lack thereof is contributing to unintended
21 pregnancies among servicewomen.

22 (11) Research studies based on the Department
23 of Defense Survey of Health Related Behaviors
24 Among Active Duty Military Personnel found a high
25 unintended rate of pregnancy among servicewomen.

1 Adjusting for the difference between age distribu-
2 tions in the Armed Forces and the general popu-
3 lation, the rate of unintended pregnancy among
4 servicewomen is higher than among the general pop-
5 ulation.

6 (12) With the integrated use of electronic med-
7 ical records throughout the Department of Defense,
8 the technological infrastructure exists to develop
9 clinical decision support tools. These tools, which are
10 incorporated into the electronic medical record, allow
11 for a point-of-care feedback loop that can be used to
12 enhance patient decision-making, case and patient
13 management, and care coordination. Benefits of clin-
14 ical decision support tools include increased quality
15 of care and enhanced health outcomes, improved ef-
16 ficiency, and provider and patient satisfaction.

17 (13) The Defense Advisory Committee on
18 Women in the Services (DACOWITS) has rec-
19 ommended that all the Armed Forces, to the extent
20 that they have not already, implement initiatives
21 that inform servicemembers of the importance of
22 family planning, educate them on methods of contra-
23 ception, and make various methods of contraception
24 available, based on the finding that family planning

1 can increase the overall readiness and quality of life
2 of all members of the military.

3 (14) Health care, including family planning for
4 survivors of sexual assault in the Armed Forces is
5 a critical issue. Servicewomen on active duty report
6 rates of unwanted sexual contact at approximately
7 16 times those of the comparable general population
8 of women in the United States. Through regulations,
9 the Department of Defense already supports a policy
10 of ensuring that servicewomen who are sexually as-
11 sailed have access to emergency contraception.

12 **SEC. 3. CONTRACEPTION COVERAGE PARITY UNDER THE**
13 **TRICARE PROGRAM.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1074d of title 10, United
15 States Code, is amended—

16 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting “FOR MEM-
17 BERS AND FORMER MEMBERS” after “SERVICES
18 AVAILABLE”;

19 (2) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
20 section (d); and

21 (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
22 lowing new subsections:

23 “(b) CARE RELATED TO PREVENTION OF PREG-
24 NANCY.—Female covered beneficiaries shall be entitled to

1 care related to the prevention of pregnancy described by
2 subsection (d)(3).

3 “(c) PROHIBITION ON COST-SHARING FOR CERTAIN
4 SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1074g(a)(6) of this
5 title or any other provision of law, cost-sharing may not
6 be imposed or collected for care related to the prevention
7 of pregnancy provided pursuant to subsection (a) or (b),
8 including for any method of contraception provided,
9 whether provided through a facility of the uniformed serv-
10 ices, the TRICARE retail pharmacy program, or the na-
11 tional mail-order pharmacy program.”.

12 (b) CARE RELATED TO PREVENTION OF PREG-
13 NANCY.—Subsection (d)(3) of such section, as redesi-
14 gnated by subsection (a)(2) of this section, is further
15 amended by inserting before the period at the end the fol-
16 lowing: “(including all methods of contraception approved
17 by the Food and Drug Administration, sterilization proce-
18 dures, and patient education and counseling in connection
19 therewith)”.

20 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section
21 1077(a)(13) of such title is amended by striking “section
22 1074d(b)” and inserting “section 1074d(d)”.

1 **SEC. 4. ACCESS TO BROAD RANGE OF METHODS OF CON-**
2 **TRACEPTION APPROVED BY THE FOOD AND**
3 **DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR MEMBERS OF**
4 **THE ARMED FORCES AND MILITARY DEPEND-**
5 **ENTS AT MILITARY TREATMENT FACILITIES.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Commencing not later than 180
7 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
8 retary of Defense shall ensure that every military treat-
9 ment facility has a sufficient stock of a broad range of
10 methods of contraception approved by the Food and Drug
11 Administration, as recommended by the Centers for Dis-
12 ease Control and Prevention and the Office of Population
13 Affairs of the Department of Health and Human Services,
14 to be able to dispense at any time any such method of
15 contraception to any women members of the Armed
16 Forces and female covered beneficiaries who receive care
17 through such facility.

18 (b) COVERED BENEFICIARY DEFINED.—In this sec-
19 tion, the term “covered beneficiary” has the meaning
20 given that term in section 1072(5) of title 10, United
21 States Code.

22 **SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE STANDARDS AND ACCESS TO**
23 **CONTRACEPTION COUNSELING FOR MEM-**
24 **BERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.**

25 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to en-
26 sure that all health care providers employed by the De-

1 partment of Defense who provide care for members of the
2 Armed Forces, including general practitioners, are pro-
3 vided, through clinical practice guidelines, the most cur-
4 rent evidence-based and evidence-informed standards of
5 care with respect to methods of contraception and coun-
6 seling on methods of contraception.

7 (b) CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
9 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
10 retary of Defense shall compile clinical practice
11 guidelines for health care providers described in sub-
12 section (a) on standards of care with respect to
13 methods of contraception and counseling on methods
14 of contraception for members of the Armed Forces.

15 (2) SOURCES.—The Secretary shall compile
16 clinical practice guidelines under this subsection
17 from among clinical practice guidelines established
18 by appropriate health agencies and professional or-
19 ganizations, including the following:

20 (A) The United States Preventive Services
21 Task Force.

22 (B) The Centers for Disease Control and
23 Prevention.

24 (C) The Office of Population Affairs of the
25 Department of Health and Human Services.

1 (D) The American College of Obstetricians
2 and Gynecologists.

3 (E) The Association of Reproductive
4 Health Professionals.

5 (F) The American Academy of Family
6 Physicians.

7 (G) The Agency for Healthcare Research
8 and Quality.

9 (3) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall from time
10 to time update the list of clinical practice guidelines
11 compiled under this subsection to incorporate into
12 such guidelines new or updated standards of care
13 with respect to methods of contraception and coun-
14 seling on methods of contraception.

15 (4) DISSEMINATION.—

16 (A) INITIAL DISSEMINATION.—As soon as
17 practicable after the compilation of clinical
18 practice guidelines pursuant to paragraph (1),
19 but commencing not later than one year after
20 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
21 retary shall provide for rapid dissemination of
22 the clinical practice guidelines to health care
23 providers described in subsection (a).

24 (B) UPDATES.—As soon as practicable
25 after the adoption under paragraph (3) of any

1 update to the clinical practice guidelines com-
2 piled pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary
3 shall provide for the rapid dissemination of
4 such clinical practice guidelines, as so updated,
5 to health care providers described in subsection
6 (a).

7 (C) PROTOCOLS.—Clinical practice guide-
8 lines, and any updates to such guidelines, shall
9 be disseminated under this paragraph in ac-
10 cordance with administrative protocols devel-
11 oped by the Secretary for that purpose.

12 (c) CLINICAL DECISION SUPPORT TOOLS.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
14 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
15 retary shall, in order to assist health care providers
16 described in subsection (a), develop and implement
17 clinical decision support tools that reflect, through
18 the clinical practice guidelines compiled pursuant to
19 subsection (b), the most current evidence-based and
20 evidence-informed standards of care with respect to
21 methods of contraception and counseling on methods
22 of contraception.

23 (2) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall from time
24 to time update the clinical decision support tools de-
25 veloped under this subsection to incorporate into

1 such tools new or updated guidelines on methods of
2 contraception and counseling on methods of contra-
3 ception.

4 (3) DISSEMINATION.—Clinical decision support
5 tools, and any updates to such tools, shall be dis-
6 seminated under this subsection in accordance with
7 administrative protocols developed by the Secretary
8 for that purpose. Such protocols shall be similar to
9 the administrative protocols developed under sub-
10 section (b)(4)(C).

11 (d) ACCESS TO CONTRACEPTION COUNSELING.—As
12 soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this
13 Act, the Secretary shall ensure that women members of
14 the Armed Forces have access to comprehensive coun-
15 seling on the full range of methods of contraception pro-
16 vided by health care providers described in subsection (a)
17 during health care visits, including, but not limited to, vis-
18 its as follows:

19 (1) During predeployment health care visits, in-
20 cluding counseling that provides specific information
21 women need regarding the interaction between an-
22 ticipated deployment conditions and various methods
23 of contraception.

24 (2) During health care visits during deploy-
25 ment.

1 (3) During annual physical examinations.

2 (e) INCORPORATION INTO SURVEYS OF QUESTIONS
3 ON SERVICEWOMEN EXPERIENCES WITH FAMILY PLAN-
4 NING SERVICES AND COUNSELING.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
6 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
7 shall integrate into the Department of Defense sur-
8 veys specified in paragraph (2) questions designed to
9 obtain information on the experiences of women
10 members of the Armed Forces—

11 (A) in accessing family planning services
12 and counseling;

13 (B) in using family planning methods,
14 which method was preferred, and whether de-
15 ployment conditions affected the decision on
16 which family planning method or methods to be
17 used; and

18 (C) if pregnant, whether the pregnancy
19 was intended.

20 (2) COVERED SURVEYS.—The surveys into
21 which questions shall be integrated as described in
22 paragraph (1) are the following:

23 (A) The Health Related Behavior Survey
24 of Active Duty Military Personnel.

1 (B) The Health Care Survey of Depart-
2 ment of Defense Beneficiaries.

3 **SEC. 6. EDUCATION ON FAMILY PLANNING FOR MEMBERS**
4 **OF THE ARMED FORCES.**

5 (a) EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
7 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
8 retary of Defense shall establish a uniform standard
9 curriculum that will be used in education programs
10 on family planning for all members of the Armed
11 Forces, including both men and women members.

12 (2) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
13 Congress that the education programs should use
14 the latest technology available to efficiently and ef-
15 fectively deliver information to members of the
16 Armed Forces.

17 (b) ELEMENTS.—The uniform standard curriculum
18 under subsection (a) shall include the following:

19 (1) Information for members of the Armed
20 Forces on active duty to make informed decisions re-
21 garding family planning.

22 (2) Information about the prevention of unin-
23 tended pregnancy and sexually transmitted infec-
24 tions, including human immunodeficiency virus
25 (HIV).

1 (3) Information on the importance of providing
2 comprehensive family planning for members of the
3 Armed Forces, and their commanding officers, and
4 on the positive impact family planning can have on
5 the health and readiness of the Armed Forces.

6 (4) Current, medically-accurate information.

7 (5) Clear, user-friendly information on the full
8 range of methods of contraception and where mem-
9 bers of the Armed Forces can access their chosen
10 method of contraception.

11 (6) Information on all applicable laws and poli-
12 cies so that members are informed of their rights
13 and obligations.

14 (7) Information on patients' rights to confiden-
15 tiality.

16 (8) Information on the unique circumstances
17 encountered by members of the Armed Forces, and
18 the effects of such circumstances on the use of con-
19 traception.

20 **SEC. 7. PREGNANCY PREVENTION ASSISTANCE AT MILI-**
21 **TARY TREATMENT FACILITIES FOR WOMEN**
22 **WHO ARE SEXUAL ASSAULT SURVIVORS.**

23 (a) **PURPOSE.**—The purpose of this section is to pro-
24 vide in statute, and to enhance, existing regulations that
25 require health care providers at military treatment facili-

1 ties to consult with survivors of sexual assault once clini-
2 cally stable regarding options for emergency contraception
3 and any necessary follow-up care, including the provision
4 of the emergency contraception.

5 (b) IN GENERAL.—The assistance specified in sub-
6 section (c) shall be provided at every military treatment
7 facility to the following:

8 (1) Any woman who presents at a military
9 treatment facility and states to personnel of the fa-
10 cility that she is a victim of sexual assault or is ac-
11 companied by another individual who states that the
12 woman is a victim of sexual assault.

13 (2) Any woman who presents at a military
14 treatment facility and is reasonably believed by per-
15 sonnel of such facility to be a survivor of sexual as-
16 sault.

17 (c) ASSISTANCE.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The assistance specified in
19 this subsection shall include the following:

20 (A) The prompt provision by appropriate
21 staff of the military treatment facility of com-
22 prehensive, medically and factually accurate,
23 and unbiased written and oral information
24 about all methods of emergency contraception

1 approved by the Food and Drug Administra-
2 tion.

3 (B) The prompt provision by such staff of
4 emergency contraception to a woman upon her
5 request.

6 (C) Notification to the woman of her right
7 to confidentiality in the receipt of care and
8 services pursuant to this section.

9 (2) NATURE OF INFORMATION.—The informa-
10 tion provided pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) shall be
11 provided in language that is clear and concise, is
12 readily comprehensible, and meets such conditions
13 (including conditions regarding the provision of in-
14 formation in languages other than English) as the
15 Secretary may provide in the regulations under this
16 section.